○ 문제지의 해당란에 성명과 수험 번호를 정확히 쓰시오.

○ 답안지의 해당란에 성명과 수험 번호를 쓰고, 또 수험 번호, 문형 (홀수/짝수), 답을 정확히 표시하시오.

○ 문항에 따라 배점이 다르니, 각 물음의 끝에 표시된 배점을 참고하시오. 1점과 3점 문항에만 점수가 표시되어 있습니다. 점수 표시가 없는 문항은 모두 2점입니다.

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(0) 최가ᄋ나ᄂ이도에서 다ᄋ시ᄂ의 모ᄀ표 저ᄆ수느ᄂ?( / 10 무ᄂ제)
(0) 끊어 읽기로 무ᄂ자ᄋ으ᄅ 구조화하세요. 스피드 리디ᄋ 시자ᄀ하세요!
(O) 요지저ᄂ랴ᄀ : 처ᄉ 무ᄂ자ᄋ(내요ᄋ의 해ᄀ시ᄆ), 흐르ᄆ(수ᄂ저ᄇ, 여ᄀ저ᄇ), 의도어(의
    무ᄂ, 가ᄋ조, 도치, 부저ᄋ어, 가ᄋ조부사어 드ᄋ), 마지마ᄀ 무ᄂ자ᄋ(내요ᄋ 저ᄋ리)
    수ᄂ서저ᄂ랴ᄀ : 대며ᄋ사, 과ᄂ사(저ᄋ과ᄂ사, 부저ᄋ과ᄂ사), 흐르ᄆ어(수ᄂ저ᄇ, 여ᄀ저ᄇ)
@ 주어지ᄂ 시가ᄂ으ᄂ 15부ᄂ. 자 그러ᄆ 타이머르ᄅ 누르기 저ᄂ 모ᄆ으ᄅ 푸시고,
    시ᄆ호흐ᄇ으ᄅ 두 버ᄂ 하시고 사라ᄋ하느ᄂ 사라ᄆ으ᄅ 새ᄋ가ᄀ하세요.
(0) 자! 시자ᄀ.
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19. 밑줄 친 it이 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?(55\%)

Not only does the 'leaf fish' look like a leaf, but (1) it also imitates the movement of a drifting leaf underwater. Its hunting technique is not to swiftly pursue its victim, but to wait for (2) it. Hanging at an angle in the water, the leaf fish is carried along by the currents until (3) it comes near a smaller fish. Then, (4) it seizes the unsuspecting prey with a lightning-fast snap of the jaws, and swallows the prey down head first. At close range the rapid opening of the leaf fish's large jaws enables (5) it to suck in the unfortunate individual very easily.

## 21. 다음 글을 쓴 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은? [1점](55%25)

Thank you for sending your poems to this publishing house. I have had the opportunity to look them over, and I feel that they show considerable promise, despite your youth and lack of experience in this genre. There is still much room for development, however, and I am afraid they are not yet appropriate for publishing in any of our current poetry journals. You indicate in your cover letter that you intend to follow a literary career. Please allow me to offer my best wishes for your future literary efforts.
(1) 시의 게재를 거절하려고
(2) 원고 제출을 독촉하려고
(3) 시의 투고를 장려하려고
(4) 시집 출판을 축하하려고
(5) 원고 집필을 의뢰하려고
22. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현을 골라 짝 지은 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?(49\%)

I was five years old when my father introduced me to motor sports. Dad thought (A) it/which was a normal family outing to go to a car racing event. It was his way of spending some quality time with his wife and kids. (B) Few / Little did he know that he was fueling his son with a passion that would last for a lifetime. I still remember the awesome feeling I had on that day in May when my little feet (C) carried/were carried me up the stairs into the grandstands at the car racing stadium.

| (A) | (B) | (C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) it | Little | carried |
| (2) it | Few | were carried |
| (3) it | Little | vere carried |
| (4) which | Few | carried |
| (5) which | Little | were carried |

## 23. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

To be a mathematician you don't need an expensive laboratory. The typical equipment of a mathematician (1) is a blackboard and chalk. It is better to do mathematics on a blackboard (2) than on a piece of paper because chalk is easier to erase, and mathematical research is often filled with mistakes. One more thing you need to do is to join a club (3) devotes to mathematics. Not many mathematicians can work alone; they need to talk about what they are doing. If you want to be a mathematician, you had better (4) expose your new ideas to the criticism of others. It is so easy to include hidden assumptions (5) that you do not see but that are obvious to others.

## 25. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

People tend to stick to their first impressions, even if they are wrong. Suppose you mention the name of your new neighbor to a friend. "Oh, I know him," your friend replies. "He seems nice at first, but it's all an act." Perhaps this evaluation is groundless. The neighbor may have changed since your friend knew him, or perhaps your friend's judgment is simply unfair. Whether the judgment is accurate or not, once you accept it, it will probably influence the way you respond to the neighbor. Even if this neighbor were a saint, you would be likely to interpret his behavior in ways that $\qquad$ .
(1) fit your expectation
(2) upgrade your status
(3) make you intelligent
(4) keep you wealthy
30. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말을 골라 짝지은 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?(26\%)

Although most people recognize it as a jewel, the diamond most directly affects our daily lives as a tool. Industrial diamonds are so important that a (A) shortage / strength would cause a breakdown in the metal-working industry and would destroy mass production. Industrial diamonds are crushed and powdered, and then used in many grinding and polishing operations. Their use (B) changes / ranges from the drill in a dentist's office to saws for cutting rocks, and to glass cutters. The great (C) hardness / hardship of a diamond makes it one of the most important industrial materials known.

| (A) | (B) | (C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) shortage | ranges | - hardness |
| (2) shortage | changes | - hardship |
| (3) strength | changes | hardness |
| (4) strength | ranges | - hardship |
| (5) strength | ranges | hardness |

## 41. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.(42\%)

The story starts in the world of Homer, where the stormy skies and the dark seas were ruled by the mythical gods. Every advance in human understanding since then has been made by brave individuals daring to step into the unknown darkness and to break free from accepted ways of thinking. Most of those steps were small and difficult, but a few were brilliant and beautiful. As Gustave Flaubert wrote, "Among those who go to sea there are the explorers who discover new worlds, adding continents to the Earth and stars to the heavens; they are the masters, the great, the eternally shining." It is those explorers, through their unceasing trial and error, who have paved the way for us to follow.
(1) The Earth and the Heavens
(2) Gods and Their Worshipers
(3) Great Sea Explorers of Our Time
(4) Pioneers in Human Understanding
(5) Importance of Conventional Wisdom

## 44. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?(45\%)

From there they were taken to Arizona and were reassembled by workers in the Arizona desert.

In the early 1960s, London Bridge was in trouble. Cars, trucks, and buses were too heavy for it, and the bridge was sinking into the Thames river. ( (1) ) London city officials wanted to build a new bridge, and a businessman named Robert McCulloch decided to buy the old bridge and move it to Arizona. ( (2) ) Workers disassembled the bridge in 1968, numbering the bricks, and sent them to Los Angeles. ( (3) ) The bridge was finally completed in 1971. ( (4) ) However, McCulloch knew he needed more than a famous bridge to attract people to Lake Havasu City, so he created an English village with typical English shops and restaurants. (5) ) Today, London Bridge is one of Arizona's biggest attractions.
45. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 $(\mathrm{A})$ 와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것끼리 짝지은 것은?

People who run sports camps think of the children first. They do their best to create enjoyable and protective environments in which the children feel comfortable and safe. Unfortunately, some sports coaches in the camps occasionally become over-enthusiastic in their desire to help the children excel. As a result, they put pressure on them to perform at high levels, win at all costs, and keep playing, even when they get hurt. This 'no pain, no gain' approach is extremely stressful, and leads to unnecessary injuries. Parents should therefore take care when they send their children to a sports camp, and should talk with the sports coaches to see if they will respect the children's wishes.

In choosing the most (A) sports camp for their children, parents should make sure that the coaches have $\qquad$ (B) attitudes to children.
(B)
(1) inexpensive ---- competitive
(2) challenging ---- demanding
(3) famous ---- sociable
(4) intensive ---- liberal
(5) suitable ---- caring

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※ 화ᄀ이ᄂ사하ᄋ
(0) 마ᄂ저ᄆ이 화ᄀ시ᄅ하ᄇ니까? 무ᄂ하ᄋ 부ᄂ류 하고, }\triangle,X\mathrm{ 느ᄂ 보ᄀ스ᄇ
    화ᄀ시ᄂ해서 마ᄌ으ᄂ 무ᄂ제 O, 애매하ᄂ 무ᄂ하ᄋ }\triangle\mathrm{ ,
    부ᄅ 화ᄀ시ᄂ하거나 트ᄅ리ᄂ 무ᄂ제느ᄂ X 구부ᄂ하세요.
(0) 자! 그러ᄆ 다ᄇ으ᄅ 마ᄌ춰보게ᄊ스ᄇ니다.
(0) 저ᄆ수 ( / 개)
(0) 트ᄅ리ᄂ 무ᄂ제 :
    0 ~ 2개 1드ᄋ그ᄇ, 3 ~ 4개 2드ᄋ그ᄇ, 5 ~ 7개 3드ᄋ그ᄇ
(0) 트ᄅ리ᄂ 무ᄂ하ᄋ으ᄂ 저ᄂ랴ᄀ해서ᄅ서르ᄅ 보고, 꼬ᄆ꼬ᄆ히 하ᄀ스ᄇ하세요.
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